

## Tetraaquabis[5-(3-pyridyl)tetrazolido- $\kappa N^5$ ]zinc(II) tetrahydrate

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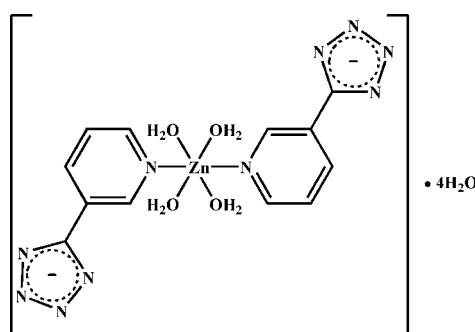
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 296\text{ K}$ ; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003\text{ \AA}$ ;  $R$  factor = 0.026;  $wR$  factor = 0.071; data-to-parameter ratio = 12.8.

The title compound,  $[\text{Zn}(\text{C}_6\text{H}_4\text{N}_5)_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})_4] \cdot 4\text{H}_2\text{O}$ , was synthesized by the hydrothermal reaction of  $\text{Zn}(\text{CH}_3\text{COO})_2 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$  with 3-(2*H*-tetrazol-5-yl)pyridine. The  $\text{Zn}^{II}$  ion is located on an inversion center and is coordinated by two pyridine N atoms from two 5-(3-pyridyl)tetrazolidone ligands and four coordinated water molecules in a slightly distorted octahedral geometry. The dihedral angle between the pyridine and tetrazole rings is  $9.920(7)^\circ$ . In the crystal, molecules are linked into a three-dimensional network by intermolecular O—H···O and O—H···N hydrogen bonds involving the tetrazole group N atoms, the aqua ligands and solvent water molecules.

### Related literature

For background to 5-(3-pyridyl)tetrazolate complexes, see: Xiong *et al.* (2002); Wang *et al.* (2005). For a related structure, see: Zhang *et al.* (2006). For hydrogen-bond motifs, see: Bernstein *et al.* (1995).



### Experimental

#### Crystal data

$[\text{Zn}(\text{C}_6\text{H}_4\text{N}_5)_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})_4] \cdot 4\text{H}_2\text{O}$

$M_r = 501.78$

Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$	$V = 521.69(15)\text{ \AA}^3$
$a = 8.0930(13)\text{ \AA}$	$Z = 1$
$b = 8.5836(14)\text{ \AA}$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$c = 8.7082(14)\text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 1.24\text{ mm}^{-1}$
$\alpha = 85.942(2)^\circ$	$T = 296\text{ K}$
$\beta = 65.075(2)^\circ$	$0.35 \times 0.23 \times 0.18\text{ mm}$
$\gamma = 72.369(2)^\circ$	

#### Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD diffractometer  
Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SADABS*; Sheldrick, 1996)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.717$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.800$

2640 measured reflections  
1814 independent reflections  
1788 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.018$

#### Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.026$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.071$   
 $S = 1.00$   
1814 reflections

142 parameters  
H-atom parameters constrained  
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.25\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.48\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

**Table 1**  
Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ ).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots\cdots A$	$D\cdots\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots\cdots A$
O1—H1A···O3 <sup>i</sup>	0.85	2.02	2.848 (2)	165
O1—H1B···O3 <sup>ii</sup>	0.85	1.97	2.813 (2)	171
O2—H2A···N5 <sup>iii</sup>	0.85	1.89	2.733 (2)	171
O2—H2B···O4 <sup>iv</sup>	0.85	1.92	2.768 (2)	177
O3—H3B···O4 <sup>v</sup>	0.85	1.97	2.811 (2)	173
O3—H3A···N2 <sup>ii</sup>	0.85	1.96	2.792 (2)	167
O4—H4A···N4 <sup>ii</sup>	0.85	1.99	2.838 (2)	175
O4—H4B···N3 <sup>vi</sup>	0.85	2.02	2.870 (2)	180

Symmetry codes: (i)  $x + 1, y, z - 1$ ; (ii)  $-x + 2, -y + 1, -z + 1$ ; (iii)  $x, y, z - 1$ ; (iv)  $x, y + 1, z$ ; (v)  $x, y, z + 1$ ; (vi)  $x - 1, y - 1, z$ .

Data collection: *SMART* (Bruker, 2007); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2007); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008) and *DIAMOND* (Brandenburg, 1999); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: LH5162).

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## **supplementary materials**

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## Tetraaquabis[5-(3-pyridyl)tetrazolido- $\kappa N^5$ ]zinc(II) tetrahydrate

**Y.-Q. Mu, J. Zhao and C. Li**

### Comment

Nowadays much attention is focused on the design and synthesis of functional materials based on metal-organic coordination polymers due to their intriguing topological structures and tremendous range of potential applications. Tetrazole compounds are a class of excellent ligands for construction of novel metal-organic frameworks and for the medical applications, because of their various coordination modes (Xiong *et al.*, 2002; Wang *et al.*, 2005; Zhang *et al.*, 2006). We report herein the crystal structure of the title compound. The asymmetric unit contains one half of a Zn<sup>II</sup> ion, one 5-(3-pyridyl)tetrazolidine (3-ptz) ligand, two coordinated water and two solvent water molecules. The Zn<sup>II</sup> ion is in a slightly distorted octahedral geometry surrounded by two N atoms from two 5-(3-pyridyl)tetrazolidine ligands and four coordinated water molecules (Fig. 1). The dihedral angle between the pyridine and tetrazole rings is 9.920 (7) $^\circ$ . In the crystal, molecules are linked into a three-dimensional network by intermolecular O—H···O, O—H···N hydrogen bonds involving the tetrazole group N atoms, the aqua ligands and solvent water molecules (Fig. 2). The hydrogen bond network contains  $R^2_4(10)$ ,  $R^4_4(10)$  and  $R^4_4(22)$  rings (Bernstein *et al.*, 1995).

### Experimental

A mixture of 3-(2*H*-tetrazol-5-yl)pyridine (0.2 mmol, 0.0294 g), Zn(CH<sub>3</sub>COO)<sub>2</sub>·2H<sub>2</sub>O (0.1 mmol, 0.0219 g), methanol (5 ml) and distilled water (10 ml) were sealed in a 25 ml Teflon-lined stainless steel reactor and heated at 393 K for three days, and then cooled slowly to 298 K at which time colorless crystals were obtained.

### Refinement

All the H atoms were positioned geometrically (C—H = 0.93 Å, O—H = 0.85 Å), and allowed to ride on their parent atoms, with  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2 U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$  or  $1.5 U_{\text{eq}}(\text{O})$ .

### Figures

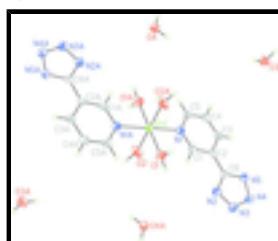


Fig. 1. View of the title complex with the atomic numbering scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level. H atoms are omitted for clarity. [Symmetry code: (A) 2 -  $x$ , 1 -  $y$ , - $z$ ].

## supplementary materials

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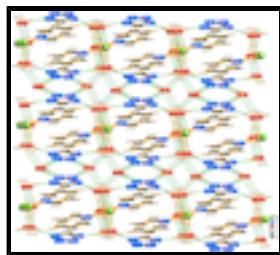


Fig. 2. Part of the crystal structure with hydrogen bonds shown as dashed lines. H atoms not involved in hydrogen bonding have been omitted for clarity.

### Tetraaquabis[5-(3-pyridyl)tetrazolido- $\kappa N^5$ ]zinc(II) tetrahydrate

#### Crystal data

[Zn(C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> N <sub>5</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> (H <sub>2</sub> O) <sub>4</sub> ] <cdot>4H<sub>2</sub>O</cdot>	Z = 1
M <sub>r</sub> = 501.78	F(000) = 260
Triclinic, P $\bar{1}$	D <sub>x</sub> = 1.597 Mg m <sup>-3</sup>
Hall symbol: -P 1	Mo K $\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda$ = 0.71073 Å
a = 8.0930 (13) Å	Cell parameters from 2640 reflections
b = 8.5836 (14) Å	$\theta$ = 2.5–25.0°
c = 8.7082 (14) Å	$\mu$ = 1.24 mm <sup>-1</sup>
$\alpha$ = 85.942 (2)°	T = 296 K
$\beta$ = 65.075 (2)°	Prism, colorless
$\gamma$ = 72.369 (2)°	0.35 × 0.23 × 0.18 mm
V = 521.69 (15) Å <sup>3</sup>	

#### Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD diffractometer	1814 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube graphite	1788 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
$\varphi$ and $\omega$ scans	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.018$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Sheldrick, 1996)	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 25.0^\circ$ , $\theta_{\text{min}} = 2.5^\circ$
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.717$ , $T_{\text{max}} = 0.800$	$h = -8 \rightarrow 9$
2640 measured reflections	$k = -10 \rightarrow 9$
	$l = -9 \rightarrow 10$

#### Refinement

Refinement on $F^2$	Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods
Least-squares matrix: full	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.026$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$wR(F^2) = 0.071$	H-atom parameters constrained
$S = 1.00$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.038P)^2 + 0.3832P]$
1814 reflections	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$

142 parameters  $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.25 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$   
 0 restraints  $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.48 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

### Special details

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

### Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$x$	$y$	$z$	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Zn1	1.0000	0.5000	0.0000	0.02415 (12)
N1	0.9006 (2)	0.5872 (2)	0.2605 (2)	0.0253 (3)
N2	1.2471 (2)	0.8188 (2)	0.3456 (2)	0.0295 (4)
N3	1.3341 (2)	0.8789 (2)	0.4176 (2)	0.0323 (4)
N4	1.2417 (3)	0.8856 (2)	0.5824 (2)	0.0316 (4)
N5	1.0910 (2)	0.8308 (2)	0.6230 (2)	0.0277 (4)
O1	1.2917 (2)	0.49525 (18)	-0.06216 (18)	0.0332 (3)
H1A	1.3635	0.4132	-0.0366	0.050*
H1B	1.3182	0.5786	-0.0438	0.050*
O2	0.9302 (2)	0.74166 (18)	-0.05239 (19)	0.0431 (4)
H2A	0.9749	0.7802	-0.1488	0.052*
H2B	0.8479	0.8183	0.0214	0.065*
O3	0.5798 (2)	0.25397 (19)	1.00465 (19)	0.0359 (3)
H3B	0.5938	0.1703	1.0616	0.054*
H3A	0.6317	0.2165	0.9019	0.054*
O4	0.6545 (2)	-0.01658 (18)	0.19326 (18)	0.0337 (3)
H4A	0.6930	0.0211	0.2554	0.051*
H4B	0.5598	-0.0480	0.2593	0.051*
C1	1.0065 (3)	0.6594 (2)	0.2951 (2)	0.0280 (4)
H1	1.1170	0.6696	0.2055	0.034*
C2	0.9644 (3)	0.7203 (2)	0.4543 (2)	0.0233 (4)
C3	0.7977 (3)	0.7081 (3)	0.5869 (2)	0.0284 (4)
H3	0.7630	0.7474	0.6965	0.034*
C4	0.6849 (3)	0.6368 (3)	0.5532 (3)	0.0332 (5)
H4	0.5716	0.6286	0.6401	0.040*
C5	0.7393 (3)	0.5773 (2)	0.3904 (2)	0.0283 (4)
H5	0.6616	0.5287	0.3700	0.034*
C6	1.0978 (3)	0.7907 (2)	0.4753 (2)	0.0234 (4)

## supplementary materials

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### *Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
Zn1	0.02550 (18)	0.02944 (19)	0.01939 (18)	-0.01032 (13)	-0.00976 (13)	0.00137 (12)
N1	0.0254 (8)	0.0299 (8)	0.0232 (8)	-0.0103 (7)	-0.0113 (7)	0.0027 (6)
N2	0.0297 (9)	0.0378 (9)	0.0237 (8)	-0.0157 (7)	-0.0099 (7)	0.0023 (7)
N3	0.0321 (9)	0.0394 (10)	0.0304 (9)	-0.0173 (8)	-0.0134 (7)	0.0026 (7)
N4	0.0353 (9)	0.0353 (9)	0.0318 (9)	-0.0161 (8)	-0.0176 (8)	0.0031 (7)
N5	0.0331 (9)	0.0313 (9)	0.0231 (8)	-0.0147 (7)	-0.0127 (7)	0.0033 (7)
O1	0.0273 (7)	0.0398 (8)	0.0351 (8)	-0.0100 (6)	-0.0148 (6)	-0.0026 (6)
O2	0.0585 (10)	0.0300 (8)	0.0218 (7)	-0.0056 (7)	-0.0051 (7)	0.0046 (6)
O3	0.0379 (8)	0.0388 (8)	0.0276 (8)	-0.0126 (7)	-0.0099 (6)	0.0030 (6)
O4	0.0364 (8)	0.0421 (8)	0.0248 (7)	-0.0187 (7)	-0.0099 (6)	0.0004 (6)
C1	0.0277 (10)	0.0370 (11)	0.0201 (9)	-0.0155 (8)	-0.0067 (8)	0.0013 (8)
C2	0.0246 (9)	0.0236 (9)	0.0229 (9)	-0.0071 (7)	-0.0115 (7)	0.0034 (7)
C3	0.0274 (10)	0.0355 (10)	0.0202 (9)	-0.0096 (8)	-0.0076 (8)	-0.0004 (8)
C4	0.0254 (10)	0.0461 (12)	0.0258 (10)	-0.0154 (9)	-0.0055 (8)	0.0021 (9)
C5	0.0253 (10)	0.0357 (11)	0.0275 (10)	-0.0128 (8)	-0.0123 (8)	0.0033 (8)
C6	0.0260 (9)	0.0231 (9)	0.0227 (9)	-0.0086 (7)	-0.0111 (7)	0.0037 (7)

### *Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ , $^\circ$ )*

Zn1—O2 <sup>i</sup>	2.0503 (15)	O2—H2A	0.8498
Zn1—O2	2.0503 (15)	O2—H2B	0.8498
Zn1—N1 <sup>i</sup>	2.1662 (16)	O3—H3B	0.8499
Zn1—N1	2.1662 (16)	O3—H3A	0.8499
Zn1—O1 <sup>i</sup>	2.1760 (14)	O4—H4A	0.8498
Zn1—O1	2.1760 (14)	O4—H4B	0.8498
N1—C1	1.333 (3)	C1—C2	1.381 (3)
N1—C5	1.341 (2)	C1—H1	0.9300
N2—C6	1.335 (2)	C2—C3	1.385 (3)
N2—N3	1.339 (2)	C2—C6	1.463 (3)
N3—N4	1.305 (3)	C3—C4	1.373 (3)
N4—N5	1.339 (2)	C3—H3	0.9300
N5—C6	1.329 (3)	C4—C5	1.380 (3)
O1—H1A	0.8499	C4—H4	0.9300
O1—H1B	0.8500	C5—H5	0.9300
O2 <sup>i</sup> —Zn1—O2	180.0	H1A—O1—H1B	106.1
O2 <sup>i</sup> —Zn1—N1 <sup>i</sup>	86.61 (6)	Zn1—O2—H2A	126.3
O2—Zn1—N1 <sup>i</sup>	93.39 (6)	Zn1—O2—H2B	123.6
O2 <sup>i</sup> —Zn1—N1	93.39 (6)	H2A—O2—H2B	110.0
O2—Zn1—N1	86.61 (6)	H3B—O3—H3A	105.1
N1 <sup>i</sup> —Zn1—N1	180.0	H4A—O4—H4B	107.1
O2 <sup>i</sup> —Zn1—O1 <sup>i</sup>	91.09 (7)	N1—C1—C2	124.80 (17)
O2—Zn1—O1 <sup>i</sup>	88.91 (7)	N1—C1—H1	117.6

N1 <sup>i</sup> —Zn1—O1 <sup>i</sup>	92.52 (6)	C2—C1—H1	117.6
N1—Zn1—O1 <sup>i</sup>	87.48 (6)	C1—C2—C3	117.46 (17)
O2 <sup>i</sup> —Zn1—O1	88.91 (7)	C1—C2—C6	119.00 (17)
O2—Zn1—O1	91.09 (7)	C3—C2—C6	123.53 (17)
N1 <sup>i</sup> —Zn1—O1	87.48 (6)	C4—C3—C2	118.58 (18)
N1—Zn1—O1	92.52 (6)	C4—C3—H3	120.7
O1 <sup>i</sup> —Zn1—O1	180.00 (8)	C2—C3—H3	120.7
C1—N1—C5	116.84 (17)	C3—C4—C5	120.07 (18)
C1—N1—Zn1	117.54 (12)	C3—C4—H4	120.0
C5—N1—Zn1	125.61 (13)	C5—C4—H4	120.0
C6—N2—N3	104.97 (16)	N1—C5—C4	122.24 (18)
N4—N3—N2	109.42 (16)	N1—C5—H5	118.9
N3—N4—N5	109.47 (16)	C4—C5—H5	118.9
C6—N5—N4	105.07 (15)	N5—C6—N2	111.07 (16)
Zn1—O1—H1A	118.6	N5—C6—C2	125.41 (17)
Zn1—O1—H1B	122.1	N2—C6—C2	123.50 (17)
O2 <sup>i</sup> —Zn1—N1—C1	109.54 (15)	N1—C1—C2—C6	177.49 (18)
O2—Zn1—N1—C1	−70.46 (15)	C1—C2—C3—C4	0.0 (3)
N1 <sup>i</sup> —Zn1—N1—C1	−69 (100)	C6—C2—C3—C4	−178.70 (19)
O1 <sup>i</sup> —Zn1—N1—C1	−159.52 (15)	C2—C3—C4—C5	0.8 (3)
O1—Zn1—N1—C1	20.48 (15)	C1—N1—C5—C4	−0.7 (3)
O2 <sup>i</sup> —Zn1—N1—C5	−71.60 (16)	Zn1—N1—C5—C4	−179.59 (15)
O2—Zn1—N1—C5	108.40 (16)	C3—C4—C5—N1	−0.5 (3)
N1 <sup>i</sup> —Zn1—N1—C5	110 (100)	N4—N5—C6—N2	0.0 (2)
O1 <sup>i</sup> —Zn1—N1—C5	19.35 (16)	N4—N5—C6—C2	178.35 (17)
O1—Zn1—N1—C5	−160.65 (16)	N3—N2—C6—N5	−0.2 (2)
C6—N2—N3—N4	0.2 (2)	N3—N2—C6—C2	−178.53 (17)
N2—N3—N4—N5	−0.2 (2)	C1—C2—C6—N5	−169.29 (19)
N3—N4—N5—C6	0.1 (2)	C3—C2—C6—N5	9.4 (3)
C5—N1—C1—C2	1.6 (3)	C1—C2—C6—N2	8.8 (3)
Zn1—N1—C1—C2	−179.40 (15)	C3—C2—C6—N2	−172.44 (19)
N1—C1—C2—C3	−1.3 (3)		

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x+2, -y+1, -z$ .

#### Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}$ , $^\circ$ )

$D\text{—H}\cdots A$	$D\text{—H}$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D\text{—H}\cdots A$
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O2—H2B <sup>v</sup> —O4 <sup>v</sup>	0.85	1.92	2.768 (2)	177
O3—H3B <sup>vi</sup> —O4 <sup>vi</sup>	0.85	1.97	2.811 (2)	173
O3—H3A <sup>iii</sup> —N2 <sup>iii</sup>	0.85	1.96	2.792 (2)	167
O4—H4A <sup>iii</sup> —N4 <sup>iii</sup>	0.85	1.99	2.838 (2)	175
O4—H4B <sup>vii</sup> —N3 <sup>vii</sup>	0.85	2.02	2.870 (2)	180

## supplementary materials

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Symmetry codes: (ii)  $x+1, y, z-1$ ; (iii)  $-x+2, -y+1, -z+1$ ; (iv)  $x, y, z-1$ ; (v)  $x, y+1, z$ ; (vi)  $x, y, z+1$ ; (vii)  $x-1, y-1, z$ .

**Fig. 1**

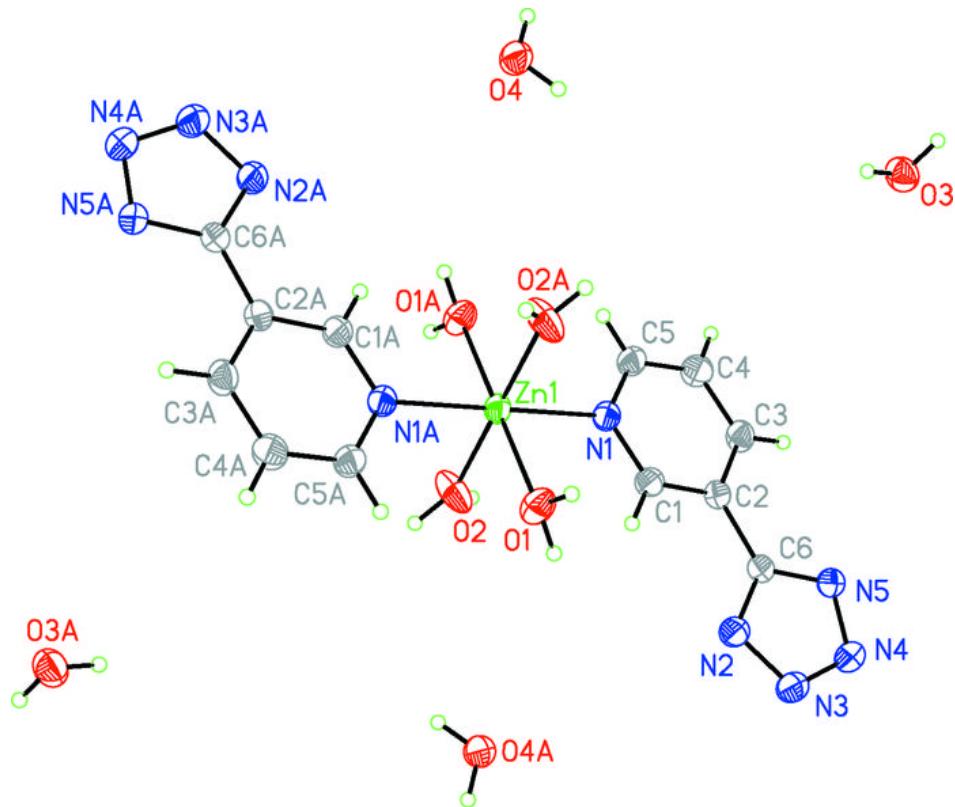


Fig. 2

